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(s/NFD) Trends

(Fet 1)	CY 63	CY 64	CY 65	CY 66	CY 67	<u>CY 72</u> -
Defense Budget	7.6	8.7	10.7	12.3	12.6	16.3
(Billion 1957 Yuan)		-		ejer ^o er		
Defense Budget as % of GNP	7.3%	7.9%	9.4%	10.2%	10.7%	10.7%

Distribution of Communist Chinese Estimated Military Table 1. (Percentage of Total) Expenditures

Mission Program		CY 63 (%)	CY 64	CY 65 (%)	<u>cy 66</u> (%)	<u>CY 67</u> (%)	CY 72 (%)
Strategic Attack Strategic Defense General Purpose Command & Support RDTE	*, ÷	14 20 60 3 3	14 27 54 2 3	12 29 52 2 5	12 29 50 2 7	15 29 47 2	23 32 34 2 9
Total		100	100	100	100	100	100

No meaningful equivalent dollar estimate of Chinese total or mission oriented expenditures can be made because the large differences in relative personnel costs would greatly distort the figures. The following estimates of the approximate dollar value of major procurement programs, however, provide a measure of the magnitude of Chinese weapon systems production.

Table Communist Chinese Estimated Procurement of Military (Millions of 1964 U.S. Dollars)

Mission Program	CY 63	<u>cy 64</u>	CY 65	<u>cy 66</u>	CY 67 ·	CY 72
Land Arms & Ammo Vessels Aircraft Missiles	304 59 33 2	323 71 146 7	357 182 241 12	414 208 243 35	428 272 223 97	333 174 581 296



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2. (S/NFD) Significance

General. Communist China's military budget, as a percentage of GNP, has increased 50 percent from 1963 to 1967, and it is estimated that it will remain within 10-12 percent of GNP in the foreseeable future. This assumes a 4-5 percent average annual GNP growth rate, slightly above the average rate of 1963-67, but consistent with reasonable projected increases for China's agriculture and industry.

Strategic Attack. The percentage of military expenditures allocated to strategic attack forces remained fairly constant throughout 1960-67, but will increase by about two-thirds, to 23 percent, by 1972. During the pre-1967 period atomic weapons development accounted for most of the expenditure. In the post 1967 period production of TU-16 bombers, ICBMs, and MRBMs is expected to begin and will account for rising costs.

Strategic Defense. Expenditures will continue to increase in relative importance, rising to approximately 32 percent of the Defense Budget by 1972. Air defense will be emphasized by the extensive deployment of MIG-21 fighters.

General Purpose. Expenditures probably will be growing throughout the period as reequipment of the army with new weapons continues.

Research and Development. Expenditures for research and development are estimated to increase to 9 percent of the Defense Budget in 1972. This assumes a 10 percent annual growth in R&D spending which is considered modest in light of past trends and ambitious weapon systems development programs for the future.

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